Daily Livestock Report



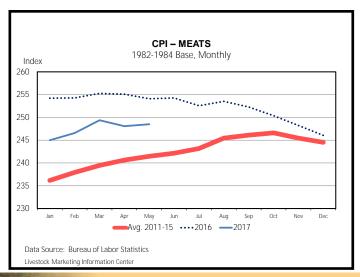
Vol. 15, No. 116 / June 15, 2017

Yesterday, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics released the monthly Consumer Price Index (CPI) data for May. For all items, the May CPI (unadjusted for seasonality) was 1.9% higher year-over-year and was up a rather strong .09% compared to one month ago. Many categories within the overall CPI are published (energy, medical care, etc.). Food and beverages is one of the major subcategories, in May that basket of goods posted a year-over-year increase of 0.9%, which was fully 1% below the annual change in the overall CPI.

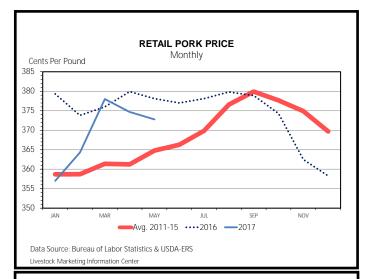
One of the categories within food and beverages is meat. That category includes beef, pork, and lamb. Retail establishments in U.S. cities are visited and prices are recorded for a specific list of items (e.g. a few selected beef cuts). In May, retail meat prices dropped by 2.2% compared to 2016's. Compared to one month ago, the meat category posted a slight price increase (up 0.2%). So, the basket of meat items used in the CIP had lower prices year-over-year, while the overall food and beverage category had higher prices.

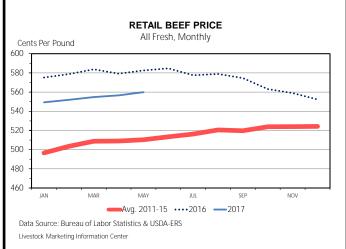
Some of the items within the CPI basket of goods have reported prices, rather than just an index value, including a limited number of pork and beef cuts. USDA's Economic Research Service (ERS) aggregates those cut prices using a set of assumptions to calculate a monthly retail beef and a pork price (see data here).

A seasonal pattern in the ERS pork retail price is apparent (see the averages for 2011-15 in the provided graphic). So far 2017, the ERS retail pork price pattern has been non-typical. <u>In May, the</u>



ERS retail pork price was down year-over-year (declining 1.4%) and also slipped slightly for the month. For beef, ERS has two retail calculations: 1) Choice; and 2) All Fresh. The Choice beef calculation only uses muscle cuts that are of that quality grade. The All Fresh price includes Select cuts (which is a lower quality grade than Choice) and importantly it additionally includes ground beef (i.e. hamburger). For May, the ERS Choice beef price was above a year ago (increased 1.0%). In contrast, the retail All Fresh beef price was down 3.9% compared to 2016's.





The Daily Livestock Report is made possible with support from readers like you. If you enjoy this report, find it valuable and would like to sustain it going forward, consider becoming a contributor. Just go to www.DailyLivestockReport.com to contribute by credit card or send your check to The Daily Livestock Report, P.O. Box 4872, Manchester, NH 03018

Thank you for your support!

The Daily Livestock Report is published by Steiner Consulting Group, DLR Division, Inc.. To subscribe, support or unsubscribe please visit www.dailylivestockreport.com. Copyright © 2016 Steiner Consulting Group, DLR Division, Inc. All rights reserved.

The Daily Livestock Report is not owned, controlled, endorsed or sold by CME Group Inc. or its affiliates and CME Group Inc. and its affiliates disclaim any and all responsibility for the information contained herein. CME Group*, CME* and the Globe logo are trademarks of Chicago Mercantile Exchange, Inc.

Disclaimer: The *Daily Livestock Report* is intended solely for information purposes and is not to be construed, under any circumstances, by implication or otherwise, as an offer to sell or a solicitation to buy or trade any commodities or securities whatsoever. Information is obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but is in no way guaranteed. No guarantee of any kind is implied or possible where projections of future conditions are attempted. Futures trading is not suitable for all investors, and involves the risk of loss. Past results are no indication of future performance. Futures are a leveraged investment, and because only a percentage of a contract's value is require to trade, it is possible to lose more than the amount of money initially deposited for a futures position. Therefore, traders should only use funds that they can afford to lose without affecting their lifestyle. And only a portion of those funds should be devoted to any one trade because a trader cannot expect to profit on every trade.