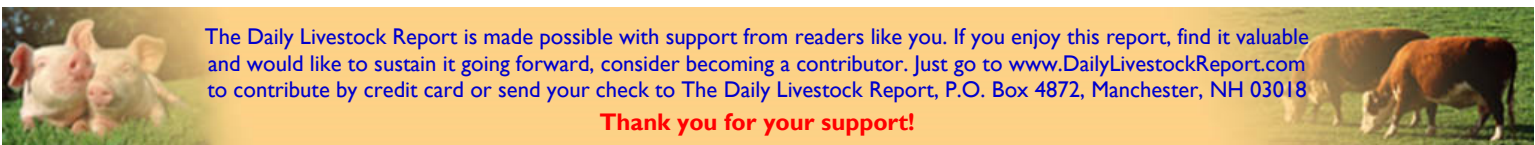
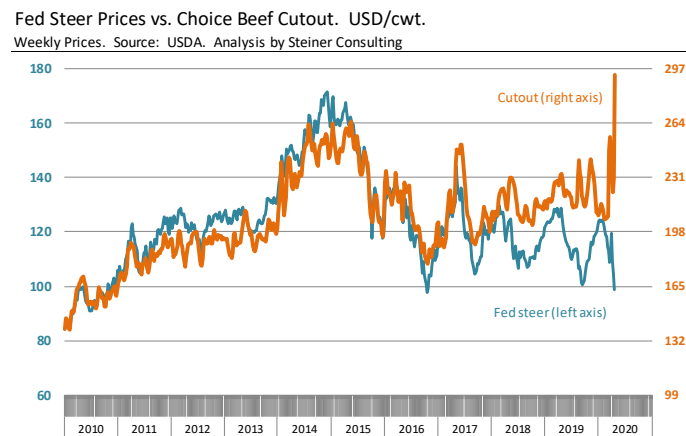
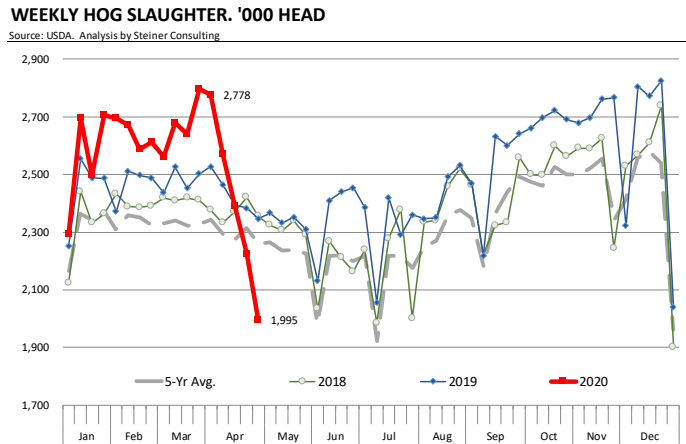
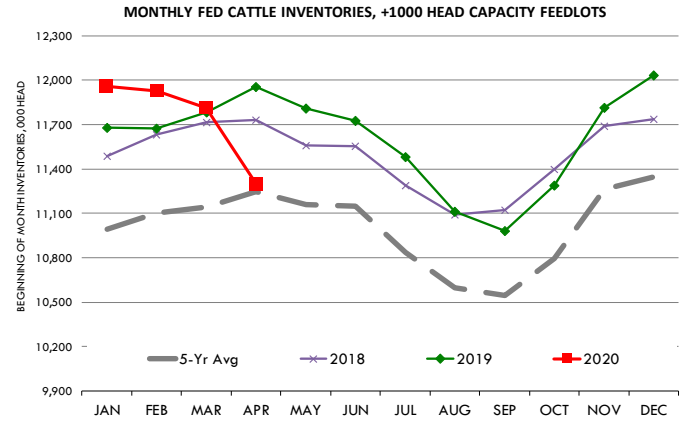


Feedlot survey: The latest USDA 'Cattle on Feed' survey confirmed what analysts were expecting - faced with negative returns and inability to put in place effective hedging feedlots sharply reduced the number of cattle they placed on feed in March. This has the potential to create a marketing hole later in the summer and early fall. However, much will depend on the broader economic conditions and how quickly consumer demand will recover. The report may be construed as supportive for August and October given that the decline in placements was bigger than expected. Already market participants are focusing on an even bigger y/y decline in placements for April.

Hog market: Market is in turmoil. USDA estimated hog slaughter last week down 15% from a year ago. We suspect the slaughter decline was even bigger, resulting in a significant shortfall in pork production last week. Hog slaughter is down 30% from only four weeks ago and we think slaughter will be even smaller this coming week as more plants were closed. At this time capacity could be down 40%. If this situation continues even for a couple more weeks, the impact on producers could be devastating. The dramatic decline in production has caused prices for a number of items to spike. Pork belly prices, which were trading in the low \$30s only two weeks ago closed on Friday at \$94. Retail items, such as pork loins, have increased sharply higher. Buyers are finding it difficult to source product. Some packers have invoked Act of God clauses in their contracts as they are unable to fill orders. See price summary on page 2 for a full recap.

Cattle market: Cattle slaughter last week was down 27% from a year ago. A number of plants have slowed down production or have closed due to a big number of COVID19 among workers. The choice beef cutout on Friday closed at \$293.37/cwt, 23% higher than a year ago and an all time record. The jump in beef prices comes at a time when cattle prices continue to slump. Lack of processing capacity has significantly limited beef supplies and has left feedlots without a place to get their cattle slaughtered. Retail items, which includes rounds, chucks, ground beef, have seen the biggest jump in value as many retailers are struggling to keep the meat case full. Supplies are expected to remain very tight in the next two to three weeks as cases of COVID19 continue to increase in counties where plants are located.

Chicken market: Broiler production was on track to increase by as much as 4.5% this year but there are signs that supplies will be curtailed due to a shortage of labor and rising rates of absenteeism. The last estimate of broiler slaughter was for a 5% decline from a year ago. We think last week slaughter may have been down 8-10%. Egg sets in incubators are currently running 5% below year ago levels. This compares to a 3.5% increase in egg sets during the month of March. The broiler hatchery flock on April 1 was 4.1% higher than a year ago. In the near term the only way for producers to reduce output is by either euthanizing broilers or destroying eggs. It appears producers may be doing both. As with pork and beef, we have seen a quick turnaround in prices, reflecting the sudden supply cuts.



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PRODUCTION & WKLY AVG. PRICE SUMMARY

Week Ending **4/25/2020**

Source: Various USDA Agricultural Marketing Service reports. Some data are preliminary. Weekly Avg. Prices

| Item | Units | Current Week | Last Week | Pct. Change | Last Year | Pct. Change | YTD | Y/Y % Change |
|---|----------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| | | 25-Apr-20 | 18-Apr-20 | | 27-Apr-19 | | | |
| Total Beef, Pork, Chicken, Turkey | mil lbs., cwe | 1,611 | 1,717 | -6.18% | 1,850 | -12.92% | 31,874 | 3.2% |
| C Fl Slaughter | Thou. Head | 469 | 502 | -6.57% | 642 | -27.00% | 10,159 | -1.9% |
| T Fl Cow Slaughter ** | Thou. Head | 114 | 120 | -4.95% | 124 | -7.62% | 1,904 | 1.3% |
| T Avg. Dressed Weight | Lbs. | 822 | 826 | -0.48% | 800 | 2.75% | 826 | 2.2% |
| T Beef Production | Million Lbs. | 384.9 | 413.9 | -7.01% | 512.8 | -24.94% | 8,391 | 0.3% |
| L Live Fed Steer Price | \$ per cwt | 96.95 | 102.28 | -5.21% | 126.69 | -23.47% | | |
| E Dressed Fed Steer Price | \$ per cwt | 154.27 | 157.18 | -1.85% | 204.58 | -24.59% | | |
| & Oklahoma Steer (600-700 lbs) | \$ per cwt | 141.15 | 133.36 | 5.85% | 165.79 | -14.86% | | |
| & Choice Beef Cutout | \$ per cwt | 272.33 | 231.58 | 17.60% | 233.49 | 16.63% | | |
| B Hide/Offal | \$ per cwt, live wt | 6.71 | 6.99 | -4.01% | 8.91 | -24.69% | | |
| E Rib Primal, Choice | \$ per cwt | 349.65 | 282.10 | 23.95% | 393.68 | -11.18% | | |
| E Round Primal, Choice | \$ per cwt | 293.05 | 259.59 | 12.89% | 171.89 | 70.49% | | |
| E Chuck Primal, Choice | \$ per cwt | 263.48 | 232.51 | 13.32% | 179.06 | 47.15% | | |
| F Trimmings, 50% | \$ per cwt | 113.75 | 70.75 | 60.78% | 90.31 | 25.96% | | |
| F Trimmings, 90% | \$ per cwt | 247.08 | 240.64 | 2.68% | 221.07 | 11.77% | | |
| H Fl Slaughter | Thou. Head | 1,995 | 2,248 | -11.25% | 2,347 | -14.99% | 42,507 | 3.0% |
| H Fl Sow Slaughter ** | Thou. Head | 61.5 | 67.4 | -8.80% | 60.0 | 2.38% | 938 | 7.7% |
| O Avg. Dressed Weight | Lbs. | 215.0 | 215.0 | 0.00% | 215.0 | 0.00% | 215 | 0.3% |
| O Pork Production | Million Lbs. | 428.6 | 483.4 | -11.34% | 504.3 | -15.01% | 9,155 | 3.3% |
| G Iowa-S. Minn. Base | Wtd. Avg. | 33.76 | 34.54 | -2.26% | 80.44 | -58.03% | | |
| S Natl. Base Carcass Price | Wtd. Avg. | 53.19 | 48.73 | 9.15% | 80.76 | -34.14% | | |
| S Natl. Net Carcass Price | Wtd. Avg. | 54.44 | 50.74 | 7.29% | 82.75 | -34.21% | | |
| S Natl. Early Wean Feeder | Wtd. Avg. | 16.16 | 13.45 | 20.15% | 59.07 | -72.64% | | |
| S Pork Cutout | 205 Lbs. | 72.69 | 54.81 | 32.62% | 86.35 | -15.82% | | |
| S Ham Primal | \$ per cwt | 45.55 | 34.95 | 30.33% | 69.13 | -34.11% | | |
| S Loin Primal | \$ per cwt | 97.65 | 86.63 | 12.72% | 75.83 | 28.77% | | |
| S Belly Primal | \$ per cwt | 95.37 | 49.14 | 94.08% | 144.46 | -33.98% | | |
| S Trimmings, 72%, Fresh | \$ per cwt | 41.97 | 34.47 | 21.76% | 85.82 | -51.10% | | |
| S Hog By-Product Value | \$ per cwt, live wt | 3.73 | 3.69 | 1.08% | 3.71 | 0.54% | | |
| C Young Chicken Slaughter * | Million Head | 149.7 | 155.1 | -3.48% | 158.6 | -5.62% | 2,667 | 3.7% |
| H Avg. Weight (RTC) | Lbs. | 4.72 | 4.73 | -0.32% | 4.66 | 1.31% | 6.24 | 1.6% |
| I Young Chicken Production (RTC) | Million Lbs. | 706.6 | 734.4 | -3.79% | 739.1 | -4.39% | 12,643 | 5.5% |
| C Eggs Set (19-state) | Million | 222.0 | 231.2 | -3.98% | 233.5 | -4.95% | 3,800 | 3.1% |
| K Chicks Placed (19-state) | Million Head | 179.8 | 186.6 | -3.64% | 186.0 | -3.36% | 3,032 | 3.1% |
| E National Composite Whole Bird | Composite | 52.70 | 50.00 | 5.40% | 100.34 | -47.48% | | |
| E Northeast Breast, B/S | \$/cwt | 93.11 | 87.34 | 6.61% | 126.59 | -26.45% | | |
| E Northeast Leg Quarters | \$/cwt | 31.96 | 35.47 | -9.90% | 42.81 | -25.34% | | |
| T Total Turkey Slaughter * | Million Head | 3.467 | 3.346 | 3.62% | 3.542 | -2.12% | 63,494 | 1.2% |
| U Avg. Weight (RTC) | Lbs. | 26.16 | 25.43 | 2.85% | 26.43 | -1.05% | 32,98 | -1.2% |
| R Turkey Production (RTC) | Million Lbs. | 90.7 | 85.1 | 6.56% | 93.6 | -3.14% | 1,685 | 1.6% |
| K National Hen (8-12 lb) | 8-16 Lbs. | 102.10 | 104.00 | -1.83% | 83.50 | 22.28% | | |
| G Corn, Omaha | \$ per Bushel | 3.04 | 3.02 | 0.66% | 3.54 | -14.12% | | |
| R Soybeans, Cntrl IL | \$ per Bushel | 8.51 | 8.48 | 0.35% | 8.38 | 1.55% | | |
| A Soybn Meal 48%, Cntrl IL | \$ per Bushel | 292.10 | 295.60 | -1.18% | 303.50 | -3.76% | | |
| I Distillers Grain, IL | \$ per Bushel | 212.50 | 207.50 | 2.41% | 152.00 | 39.80% | | |

* Chicken & turkey slaughter. Production, egg sets are 1 week earlier than the date at the top of this sheet.

** Cow and sow slaughter reflect levels from two weeks ago due to reporting lag.

